

## Adding and Subtracting Polynomials Notes

Rule: Adding and subtracting polynomials is an exercise in combining like terms.

A **Term** is either a single number or a variable, or numbers and variables multiplied together. An **Expression** is a group of terms (the terms are separated by + or - signs).

Label the coefficient, variable, exponent, constant term, term one and term two:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{variable} \quad \text{exponent} \\
 \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\
 \text{coefficient} \rightarrow \underbrace{4x^2}_{\text{term 1}} + \underbrace{7}_{\text{term 2}} \leftarrow \text{constant term} \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\text{Expression}}
 \end{array}$$

Are the terms like terms? No If not, why not? 7 does not have an  $x^2$

To be like term the expression would have to be  $4x^2 + 7x^2$

They you could ask how many  $x^2$  altogether?  $11x^2$

"**Like terms**" are **terms** whose variables (and their exponents such as the 2 in  $x^2$ ) are the same. In other words, **terms** that are "**like**" each other. Note: the coefficients (the numbers you multiply by, such as "5" in  $5x$ ) can be different.

Like terms	Unlike terms
$2x, -7x$	$2x, -7y$
$-8x^2, 3x^2$	$-8x^2, 3x$
$13xy, -7xy$	$13xy, -7xz$
$5x^2y, 3x^2y$	$5x^2y, 3xy^2$
$x, 4x$	$x, 4$

Examples of like terms:

$x, 2x, 4x, 10x$

$y^2, 3y^2, 6y^2, 7y^2$

$xy^3, 2xy^3, 5xy^3, 8xy^3$

Write a set of terms that are like term:

$2xy \quad 4xy \quad -6xy \quad 10xy \quad -3xy$

like term  $\rightarrow xy$

Adding and subtracting polynomials is an exercise in **combining like terms**.

A)  $2x + y - 6y + 3x - x + 4y$

How many  $x$ 's?

How many  $y$ 's

1. What are the like terms?

$2x + 3x - x + y - 6y + 4y$

2. Add the like terms.

$4x - 1y$

Distributive Property

A)  $(3x^2 + 4x - 7) + (2x^2 + x + 6)$

1. Run the positive through to remove the brackets.

$3x^2 + 4x - 7 + 2x^2 + x + 6$

2. What are the like terms?

$3x^2 + 2x^2 + 4x + x - 7 + 6$

3. Add the like terms

$5x^2 + 5x - 1$

## Distributive Property

B)  $(3x^2 - 2x + 4) - 1(2x^2 + 3x - 1)$  1. Run the negative through to remove the brackets.

When you run the negative through it

$$3x^2 - 2x + 4 - 2x^2 - 3x + 1$$

changes the signs (+ or -) in the brackets

2. What are the like terms?

$$-x + = -$$

$$3x^2 - 2x^2 - 2x - 3x + 4 + 1$$

$$+x + = +$$

$$-x - = -$$

3. Add the like terms.

$$1x^2 - 5x + 5$$

## Distributive property

C)  $(7x - 5) + (3x + 4) - 1(2x + 1)$  1. Run the negative through to remove the brackets.

$$7x - 5 + 3x + 4 - 2x - 1$$

2. What are the like terms?

$$7x + 3x - 2x - 5 + 4 - 1$$

3. Add the like terms.

$$8x - 2$$

