

1. Determine the slope of pair of points.

a. (2, 5) and (4, 10)

$$m = \frac{10-5}{4-2}$$

$$m = \frac{5}{2}$$

Increasing/ Decreasing/ Neither
Parallel $m = \frac{5}{2}$
Perpendicular $m = -\frac{2}{5}$

b. (-5, 7) and (3, -9)

$$m = \frac{-9-7}{3-(-5)}$$

$$m = \frac{-16}{8} \quad m = -2$$

Increasing/ Decreasing/ Neither
Parallel $m = -2$
Perpendicular $m = \frac{1}{2}$

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c. (2, 3) and (2, 10)

$$m = \frac{10-3}{2-2}$$

$$m = \frac{7}{0} \quad m = \text{undefined}$$

Increasing/ Decreasing/ Neither
Parallel $m = \text{undefined}$
Perpendicular $m = 0$

d. (5, 10) and (-3, 10)

$$m = \frac{10-10}{-3-5}$$

$$m = \frac{0}{-8} \quad m = 0$$

Increasing/ Decreasing/ Neither
Parallel $m = 0$
Perpendicular $m = \text{undefined}$

2. State the slope and y intercept for each of the following.

a. $y = -x + 7$

$$m = -1$$

$$b = 7$$

b. $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 6$

$$m = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$b = -6$$

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c. $7x + 3y = 21$

$$m = -\frac{7}{3}$$

$$b = 7$$

$$\frac{3}{3}y = \frac{-7x}{3} + \frac{21}{3}$$

$$y = -\frac{7}{3}x + 7$$

3. State whether the pair of lines are parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

a. $y = 2x - 5$ and $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 6$

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b. $y = 3x - 5$ and $y = -3x - 5$

neither

c. $y = 7x - 4$ and $y = 7x + 3$

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d. $y = 3x + 1$ and $y = 7x - 4$

neither

4. Algebraically determine the x and y intercepts. (2 marks each)

a. $y = 3x + 6$

$y = 3(0) + 6$

$y = 6$

$0 = 3x + 6$

$-\frac{6}{3} = \frac{3x}{3}$

$-2 = x$

b. $y - 9 = \frac{2}{3}(x + 6)$

$y - 9 = \frac{2}{3}(0 + 6)$

$y - 9 = \frac{2}{3}(6)$

$y - 9 = 4$

$y = 13$

$0 - 9 = \frac{2}{3}(x + 6)$

$3x - 9 = 2(x + 6)$

$-27 = 2x + 12$

c. $2x - 3y - 18 = 0$

$2(0) - 3y - 18 = 0$

$-3y = 18$

$y = -6$

$-\frac{39}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$

$-\frac{39}{2} = x$

$2x - 3(0) - 18 = 0$

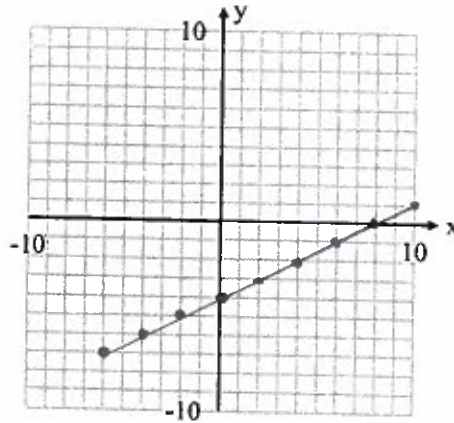
$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{18}{2}$

$x = 9$

5. Graph $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 4$

$m = \frac{1}{2}$ OR $-\frac{1}{2}$

y-intercept = -4



6. Convert each equation to general form.

a. $y = 2x - 7$

$2x - y - 7 = 0$

b. $(y-5) = \frac{1}{8}(x-3)$

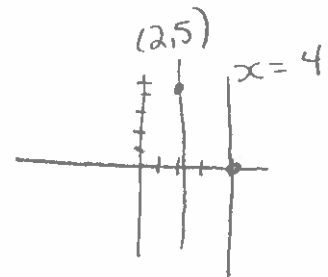
$8(y-5) = x-3$

$8y - 40 = x - 3$

$x - 8y + 37 = 0$

7. The equation of the line containing (2, 5) and parallel to $x = 4$ is

$x = 2$



8. The equation of the line containing (-4, 3) and parallel to $y = 1$ is

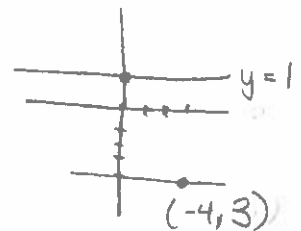
$m = 0$

$y = mx + b$

$3 = -4(0) + b$

$3 = b$

$y = 3$



9. Sketch and increasing, decreasing, undefined, and zero slope line.

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Increasing



Decreasing



Undefined



Zero

10. Write the equation of a new line in Point-slope form, given that it passes through the point $(2, 3)$ and is parallel to $y = 4 - 2x$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$m = -2$$

2

$$y - 3 = -2(x - 2)$$

11. Write the equation of a new line in Point-slope form, given that it passes through the point $(-5, 2)$ and is perpendicular to $2x - 5y + 2 = 0$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$\frac{5}{5}y = \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

2

$$y - 2 = -\frac{5}{2}(x + 5)$$

$$y = \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$m = \frac{2}{5} \perp -\frac{5}{2}$$

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12. Write the equation of a new line in slope y-intercept form, given that it passes through the point (0, 4) and is perpendicular to $y + 3 = -2(x + 6)$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$m = -2 \perp \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$

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13. Write the equation of a new line in general form, given that it passes through the point (3, -2) and is parallel to $3x - 2y + 10 = 0$

$$Ax + By + C = 0$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{3x + 10}{2}$$

$$2(y + 2) = \frac{3}{2}(x - 3)$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2}x + 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2y + 4 \\ -2y \quad -4 \end{array} = 3x - 9$$

$$m = \frac{3}{2} \parallel \frac{3}{2}$$

$$3x - 2y - 13 = 0$$

14. Write the equation of a new line in general form, given that it passes through the point (4, 10) and is perpendicular to $5x - y + 3 = 0$

$$Ax + By + C = 0$$

$$y = 5x + 3$$

$$5(y - 10) = \frac{5x}{5} - \frac{1}{5}(x - 4)$$

$$m = \frac{5}{1} \perp -\frac{1}{5}$$

$$5y - 50 = \frac{-x + 4}{+x - 4}$$

$$x + 5y - 54 = 0$$

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