

Math 10C Roots and Powers Review

Name: _____

1. Find the value of each of the following. Express answers in $\frac{a}{b}$ form: **SHOW WORK**

a. $-3^2 =$

b. $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{-4} =$

c. $64^{\frac{5}{6}} =$

d. $27^{-\frac{2}{3}} =$

e. $\left(\frac{125}{216}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} =$

f. $49^{3/2} =$

2. Simplify:

a. $-m^2n^{-3}m^3nm^{-2}$

b. $\frac{10a^5b^3}{2a^2b^{-2}}$

c. $\left(\frac{12x^5y^3z^4}{18x^4y^6z^{-2}}\right)^2 =$

d. $\left(\frac{6x^{-2}}{xy^2}\right)\left(\frac{3x^2y^{-1}}{xy^{-2}}\right)^{-2} =$

3. Express each radical in mixed radical form:

a. $\sqrt[3]{54} =$

b. $\sqrt{75} =$

c. $\sqrt[3]{375} =$

d. $\sqrt{147} =$

4. Express each of the following in a entire radical form:

a. $3\sqrt{5} =$

b. $-2\sqrt[3]{3} =$

5. Tell whether each number is a rational or irrational.

a. $-\frac{3}{5}$

b. $\sqrt{14}$

c. $\sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{27}}$

Math 10C

Date: _____

Fractional Exponents

Name: _____

1. $(49 a^4 b^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

2. $(-27 a^3 b^6)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

3. $\left(\frac{4p^8 q^{-2}}{9 p^4 q^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

4. $\left(\frac{18x^2 y^4}{2x^4 y^8}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

5. $\left(2p^{\frac{3}{4}} q^{\frac{-5}{3}}\right) \left(-3p^{\frac{-7}{4}} q^{\frac{11}{3}}\right)$

6. $\left(x^3 y^{\frac{-3}{2}}\right) \left(x^{-1} y^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)$

7. $\left(\frac{-1}{3}\right)^{\frac{4}{6}} \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right)^{\frac{4}{3}}$

8. A cube has a volume of 432 cm^3 . Write the edge length of the cube as radical in simplest form. $V = lwh$ or $V = l^3$ Express your answer as $a\sqrt{b}$.

9. Determine the **edge length** of a square that has an area of 162 cm^2 . Express your answer as a mixed radical in lowest terms. $A = l^2$

Math 10C Roots and Powers Review

Name: Key

1. Find the value of each of the following. Express answers in $\frac{a}{b}$ form: **SHOW WORK**

a. $-3^2 = -9$

b. $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{-4} = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^4$
 $\frac{256}{81}$

c. $64^{\frac{5}{6}} = \left(\sqrt[6]{64}\right)^5$
 $(2)^5$
 32

d. $27^{-\frac{2}{3}} =$

$\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{27}}\right)^2$
 $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{9}$

e. $\left(\frac{125}{54}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} =$
 $\frac{\left(\sqrt[3]{125}\right)^2}{\left(\sqrt[3]{216}\right)^2} = \frac{(5)^2}{(6)^2}$
 $\frac{25}{36}$

f. $\frac{49}{24}^{3/2} =$
 $\left(\sqrt{\frac{49}{24}}\right)^3$
 $(\frac{7}{\sqrt{24}})^3 = 343$

2. Simplify:

a. $-m^2n^{-3}m^3nm^{-2}$
 $-m^3n^{-2}$
 $-\frac{m^3}{n^2}$

b. $\frac{10a^5b^3}{2a^2b^{-2}}$
 $5a^3b^5$

c. $\left(\frac{12x^5y^3z^4}{18x^4y^6z^{-2}}\right)^2 =$
 $\left(\frac{2xy^{-3}z^6}{3}\right)^2$
 $\frac{4x^2y^{-6}z^{12}}{9}$
 $\frac{4x^2z^{12}}{9y^6}$

d. $\left(\frac{6x^{-2}}{xy^2}\right)\left(\frac{3x^2y^{-1}}{xy^{-2}}\right)^{-2} =$
 $\left(\frac{6}{x^3y^2}\right)\left(\frac{3xy}{1}\right)^{-2}$
 $\left(\frac{6}{x^3y^2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{3xy}\right)^2$
 $\left(\frac{6}{x^3y^2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{9x^2y^2}\right) = \frac{6}{9x^5y^4}$

3. Express each radical in mixed radical form:

a. $\sqrt[3]{54} =$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt[3]{27} \times \sqrt[3]{2} \\ & 3\sqrt[3]{2} \end{aligned}$$

b. $\sqrt{75} =$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{25} \times \sqrt{3} \\ & 5\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

c. $\sqrt[3]{375} =$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt[3]{125} \times \sqrt[3]{3} \\ & 5\sqrt[3]{3} \end{aligned}$$

d. $\sqrt{147} =$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{49} \times \sqrt{3} \\ & 7\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

4. Express each of the following in a entire radical form:

a. $3\sqrt{5} =$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{3 \times 3} \times \sqrt{5} \\ & \sqrt{9} \times \sqrt{5} \\ & \sqrt{45} \end{aligned}$$

b. $-2\sqrt[3]{3} =$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt[3]{-2 \times -2 \times -2} \times \sqrt[3]{3} \\ & \sqrt[3]{-8} \times \sqrt[3]{3} \\ & \sqrt[3]{-24} \end{aligned}$$

5. Tell whether each number is a rational or irrational.

a. $-\frac{3}{5}$

Q

b. $\sqrt{14}$

Q

c. $\sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{27}}$

Q

Fractional Exponents

Name: _____

1. $(49a^4b^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$\sqrt{49} a^2 b$

$7a^2b$

2. $(-27a^3b^6)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

$\sqrt[3]{-27}$

$-3ab^2$

3. $\left(\frac{4p^8q^{-2}}{9p^4q^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$\frac{4p^4q^{-6}}{9}$

$\left(\frac{4p^4}{9q^6}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$\frac{2p^2}{3q^3}$

4. $\left(\frac{18x^2y^4}{2x^4y^8}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$(9x^{-2}y^{-4})^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$\left(\frac{9}{x^2y^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$\frac{3}{xy^2}$

5. $\left(2p^{\frac{3}{4}}q^{\frac{-5}{3}}\right)\left(-3p^{\frac{-7}{4}}q^{\frac{11}{3}}\right)$

$-6p^{\frac{-4}{4}}q^{\frac{6}{3}}$

$-6p^{-1}q^2$

$-\frac{6q^2}{p}$

6. $\left(x^3y^{\frac{-3}{2}}\right)\left(x^{-1}y^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)$

$x^2y^{-\frac{2}{2}}$

$\frac{x^2}{y}$

7. $\left(\frac{-1}{3}\right)^{\frac{4}{6}} \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right)^{\frac{4}{3}}$

$$\frac{1}{9}$$

8. A cube has a volume of 432 cm^3 . Write the edge length of the cube as radical in simplest form. $V = lwh$ or $V = l^3$ Express your answer as $a\sqrt{b}$.

$$\sqrt[3]{432}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{216} \times \sqrt[3]{2}$$

$$6\sqrt[3]{2}$$

9. Determine the **edge length** of a square that has an area of 162 cm^2 . Express your answer as a mixed radical in lowest terms. $A = l^2$

$$\sqrt{162}$$

$$\sqrt{81} \times \sqrt{2}$$

$$9\sqrt{2}$$